



FOR PROGRAM RECOMMENDATION

REAL ESTATE SALES IN THE GREATER SACRAMENTO REGION

North (Greater Sacramento)

Center of Excellence

OCTOBER 2023

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SUMMARY

The North (Greater Sacramento) of Excellence for Labor Market Research prepared this report to provide a labor market analysis of educational supply and occupational demand for middle-skilled careers in the North (Greater Sacramento) subregion. This report aims to determine if demand in the local labor market is unmet by the supply from existing community college programs and other postsecondary training providers.

This report primarily focuses on training that leads to jobs in middle-skilled occupations - jobs that typically require education beyond a high school diploma but less than a bachelor's degree - but may include higher-skilled occupations for training pathways that lead to a bachelor's degree. Lowered skilled occupations are rarely considered in this analysis due to the lessened barriers for entry-level work, such as no formal education and fewer on-the-job training requirements.

Key findings include:

- The North (Greater Sacramento) subregion held 5,562 real estate sales jobs in 2022. Real estate sales jobs are projected to increase by 8% over the next five years, adding 470 new jobs to the subregion by 2027.
- Over the next five years, real estate sales jobs are projected to have 614 annual openings in the North (Greater Sacramento) subregion.
- Wage data shows that real estate sales workers earn \$2 below to \$9 above the subregion's living wage of \$18.72 per hour. (See Appendix B for notes about the updated living wage).
- Awards data analysis shows that North (Greater Sacramento) training providers conferred an average of 45 awards (certificates and associate degrees) in Real Estate (0511.00) programs over the last three academic years.

Recommendations include:

• The North (Greater Sacramento) Center of Excellence recommends moving forward with new programming related to real estate sales.

INTRODUCTION

The North (Greater Sacramento) Center of Excellence (COE) was asked to provide labor market information for a proposed program at a regional community college. This report focuses on the following Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) occupations and codes:

- These middle-skill occupations require more education and training beyond a high school diploma but usually less than a four-year degree:
 - o Real Estate Sales Agents (41-9022)
 - o Real Estate Brokers (41-9021)

A review of related programs revealed the following Taxonomy of Programs (TOP) title(s) and code(s) are appropriate for inclusion in this report:

• Real Estate (0511.00)

The corresponding Classification of Instructional Program (CIP) title(s) and code(s) are:

• Real Estate (52.1501)

OCCUPATIONAL DEMAND

Exhibit 1 summarizes the five-year projected job growth for the studied occupations in North (Greater Sacramento)¹, North/Far North, and California.

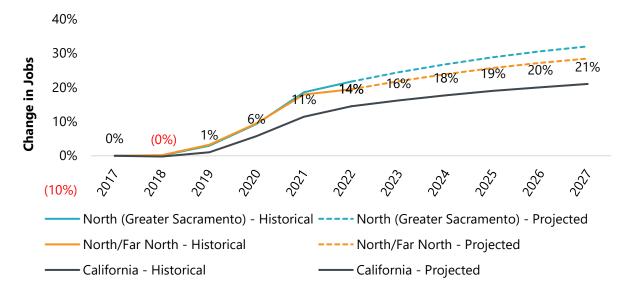
Exhibit 1. Employment and projected demand, 2022-2027

Occupation	2022 Jobs	2027 Jobs	2022-2027 Change	2022-2027 % Change	2022-2027 Annual Openings
Real Estate Sales Agents	3,502	3,776	274	8%	382
Real Estate Brokers	2,060	2,256	196	10%	233
North (Greater Sacramento)	5,562	6,032	470	8%	614
Real Estate Sales Agents	4,508	4,816	308	7%	481
Real Estate Brokers	2,349	2,557	208	9%	262
North/Far North	6,857	7,373	516	8%	743
Real Estate Sales Agents	62,783	66,189	3,406	5%	6,479
Real Estate Brokers	25,962	27,621	1,659	6%	2,737
California	88,745	93,810	5,065	6%	9,216

¹ The North (Greater Sacramento) subregion covers seven counties, including El Dorada, Nevada, Placer, Sacramento, Sutter, Yolo, and Yuba.

Exhibit 2 compares the net changes in jobs between 2017 through 2022 and the projected changes through 2027. The rate of change is indexed to the total number of jobs in 2017.

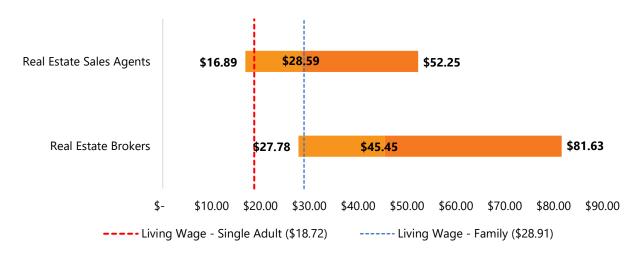
Exhibit 2. Changes in employment, 2017-2027



Wages

Exhibit 3 compares the 25th percentile, median, and 75th percentile hourly wages for the selected occupations to the Greater Sacramento living wage for one working adult (\$18.72 per hour) and a small family (\$28.91 per hour).^{2,3} The 25th and 75th percentile hourly wages are used to estimate entry-level and experienced worker wages.

Exhibit 3. Hourly wages by occupation, 2022



² Living wage is defined as the level of income one working adult with no children must earn to meet basic needs, including food, housing, transportation, healthcare, taxes, and other miscellaneous basic needs. Please note that the 25th-percentile and 75th-percentile hourly wages are used as proxy for entry-level and experienced-level wages.

³ A small family is defined as one working adult and one school aged child (between the ages of 5 and 12 years).

JOB POSTINGS

About Job Postings Analysis

This section analyzes recent data from online job postings. Online job postings may provide additional insight into recent changes in the labor market that are not captured by historical trends. However, job postings differ from labor market demand; demand is based on projected annual openings. Job postings should be used to inform community college curriculum development and identify potential employers for targeted experiential learning opportunities.

Please note several limitations to analyzing and interpreting online job postings. Employers may post a position multiple times to increase the number of job applicants. Job postings may remain online after a business chooses not to fill a position. Employers may advertise one posting to fill multiple vacancies. And not all jobs are posted online.

The North COE identified 1,744 online job postings for the selected occupations in the seven-county Greater Sacramento subregion. Job posting data comes from Lightcast (formerly Emsi Burning Glass) and represents unique advertisements newly posted online during the last 12 months, from October 2022 through September 2023.

Top Employers and Job Titles

Exhibit 4 details the number of online job postings for the selected occupations.

Exhibit 4. Job postings by occupation

Occupation	Unique Job Postings	Share of Job Postings
Real Estate Sales Agents	1,698	97%
Real Estate Brokers	46	3%
Total Job Postings	1,744	100%

Exhibit 5 shows the top 10 relevant job titles with the most job postings.

Exhibit 5. Top jobs titles

Job Title	Number of Job Postings
Real Estate Agents	350
Leasing Consultants	239
Leasing Professionals	66
Showing Agents	62
Listing Agents	58
Real Estate Buyer's Agents	54
Leasing Agents	46
Real Estate Agents Realtor	37
Licensed Real Estate Agents	28
Real Estate Specialists	26

Exhibit 6 shows the top 10 relevant employers with the most job postings for the selected occupations.

Exhibit 6. Top Employers

Employer	Number of Job Postings
Keller Williams Realty	221
Simple Real Estate	86
Lyon Real Estate	60
FPI Management	55
Best Sac Homes Group @ Homesmart	44
Greystar	38
Realty Connect USA	31

Employer	Number of Job Postings
Coldwell Banker	30
State of California	29
Amen Real Estate	26

Top Skills and Qualifications

Exhibit 7 shows the most relevant certifications requested by employers for the selected occupations.

Exhibit 7. Most in-demand certifications

Certification	Job Postings	Share of Job Postings
Real Estate Salesperson License	529	30%
Adjuster License	16	.9%
CDL Class C License	6	.3%
Certified Occupancy Specialist (COS)	5	.3%
Chartered Financial Analyst	5	.3%

Exhibit 8 shows the top 10 skills across three categories for the studied occupations: specialized, essential, and software skills.⁴

Exhibit 8. Most in-demand skills

Specialized Skills	Common Skills	Software Skills
Marketing	Real Estate	Microsoft Excel
Sales Prospecting	Sales	Yardi (Property Management Software)
Real Estate Sales	Communications	Microsoft Office
Customer Relationship Management	Customer Service	Microsoft Outlook
Property Management	Management	Microsoft Word
Lead Generation	Negotiation	Google Workspace
Selling Techniques	Coaching	Microsoft PowerPoint
Lead Follow-Up	Detail Oriented	Gmail
Real Estate Transactions	Time Management	Xactimate (Claims Estimating Software)
Lease Contracts	Self-Motivation	Google Drive

⁴ Specialized skills are those primarily required to perform specific tasks in an occupation. Essential skills are typically related to employability. These are skills that are prevalent across many occupations, and include both interpersonal attributes and learned skills (aka "soft skills"). Software skills are specific to any software tool or programming component used to support a job.

Exhibit 9 shows the minimum education level preferred by employers for related job postings in the Greater Sacramento subregion.⁵

Exhibit 9. Employer-preferred education

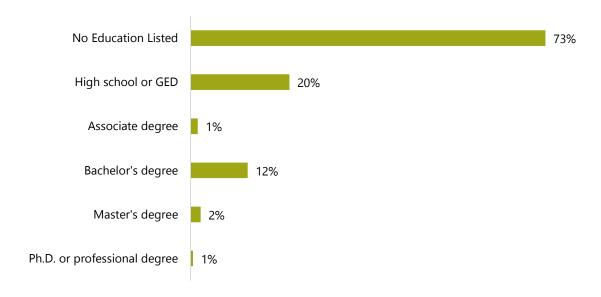
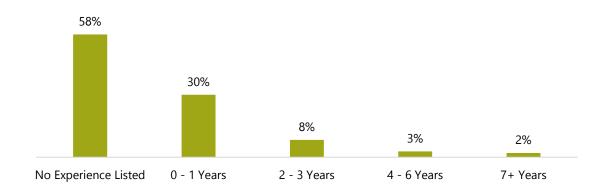


Exhibit 10 shows the minimum level of experience employers prefer for related job postings in the Greater Sacramento subregion.⁶

Exhibit 10. Employer-preferred job experience



⁵ Employers may include more than one level of education as a hiring requirement in a job posting. As a result, the values in exhibit 9 may sum to greater than 100%.

⁶ Employers may include more than one level of experience as a hiring requirement in a job posting. As a result, the values in exhibit 10 may sum to greater than 100%.

EDUCATION AND TRAINING REQUIREMENTS

The U.S. Census Bureau collects data on the highest education level achieved by workers across all occupations. Exhibit 11 shows California's educational attainment of the current workforce in the selected occupations.

40%

10%

26%

Real Estate Sales Agents

Real Estate Brokers

High school or less

Some college

Associates

Bachelor's

Master's or Doctoral

Exhibit 11. California educational attainment for selected occupations, 2019

The U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) uses a categorical system to assign typical entry-level education and job requirements to each occupation for which the BLS publishes projection data. These categories include entry-level education, work experience in a related occupation, and onthe-job training. Exhibit 12 shows the selected occupations' typical entry-level job requirements.

Exhibit 12. Typical entry-level job requirements

Occupation	Entry-level Education Requirements	Work Experience Requirements	On-The-Job Training Requirements
Real Estate Sales Agents	High school diploma or equivalent	None	Moderate-term on- the-job training
Real Estate Brokers	High school diploma or equivalent	Less than five years	None

LICENSING REQUIREMENTS

Real Estate Sales Agents and Brokers are licensed occupations in California. Exhibit 13 summarizes the eligibility requirements for becoming a licensed salesperson or broker in the State.

Exhibit 13. California Licensed Real Estate Eligibility Requirements

Licensed Salesperson	Licensed Broker
 18 years of age, Have a social security number (SSN) or an individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN), and Proof of completion of at least three college-level courses in specific subject matter. 	 18 years of age, Have a social security number (SSN) or an individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN), Proof of completion of at least eight college-level courses in specific subject matter and
	 Two years of full-time licensed real estate salesperson experience within the last five years (or an equivalent) or A four-year degree with a major or minor in real estate.

EDUCATIONAL SUPPLY

Educational supply for an occupation can be estimated by analyzing the number of awards issued in related Taxonomy of Programs (TOP) or Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP) codes. Exhibit 14 shows the TOP and CIP codes for educational programs related to the selected occupations.

Exhibit 14. TOP and CIP codes for training programs related to the selected occupations

TOP Programs and Codes	Aligned CIP Programs and Codes
Real Estate (0511.00)	Real Estate (52.1501)

Community College Supply

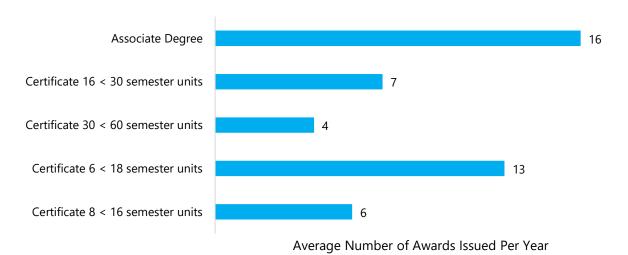
Exhibits 15 and 16 compare the average number of certificates and degrees from selected

Greater Sacramento community college programs over the last three academic years.

Exhibit 15. Annual average community college awards by program

Program - TOP Code	College	Annual Awards 2019-20	Annual Awards 2020-21	Annual Awards 2021-22	3-Yr Annual Awards Average
Real Estate (0511.00)	American River	8	14	17	13
	Cosumnes River	9	8	16	11
	Folsom Lake	5	15	5	8
	Lake Tahoe	0	0	4	1
	Sacramento City	2	2	0	1
	Sierra	7	15	12	11
	Grand Total	31	54	54	45

Exhibit 16. Annual average community college awards by type, 2019-20 through 2021-22



Other Postsecondary Supply

Non-community college training providers did not confer any awards in the Greater Sacramento subregion. Please note that non-community college data often lags by one year, and other postsecondary awards data covers a two-year average due to a taxonomy update from the 2010 to 2020 CIP codes.

FINDINGS

This report focuses on two occupations in the real estate sales occupational pathway: sales agents and brokers.

Occupational Demand

- The Greater Sacramento subregion held 5,562 real estate sales jobs in 2022. These jobs are projected to increase by 8% over the next five years, adding 470 new jobs to the subregion by 2027.
- Jobs for real estate sales are projected to grow at a faster rate in the Greater Sacramento subregion than in California.
- Over the next five years, real estate sales jobs are projected to have 614 annual openings in the Greater Sacramento subregion.

Wages

- Wage data shows that real estate sales occupations earn \$2 below to \$9 above the single adult living wage of \$18.72 per hour.
- Median wages for all occupations are approximately equal to the living wage and \$16 above the living wage for a small family (\$28.91 per hour).

Job Postings

- In the last 12 months, there were 1,744 online job postings for real estate sales occupations.
- The top job title was real estate sales agent, which was in 97% of job postings.

Education and Training Requirements

- 36% of incumbent workers in the studied occupations have educational attainment levels consistent with community college offerings (some college or associate degrees).
 Another 40% of workers in these occupations hold a bachelor's degree.
- Regarding the minimum level of education preferred by employers, 20% listed a high school diploma or equivalent.

Postsecondary Supply

• Six Greater Sacramento community colleges offer degrees and certificates in programs related to real estate sales. These programs conferred an average of 45 awards (certificates and associate degrees) in real estate sales programs over the last three academic years (2019-20 through 2021-22).

 No non-community college postsecondary training providers in the subregion offer training related to the studied occupations. Please note that non-community college awards data lags by one year.

RECOMMENDATIONS

- A comparison of annual openings to average annual awards in the Greater Sacramento subregion shows an undersupply of workers in real estate sales occupations.
 - Community colleges and other postsecondary training providers issued an average of 45 awards over the last three years.
 - o There are 614 projected annual openings for real estate sales jobs.
- However, the supply analysis is likely understated. There are multiple pathways to becoming a real estate salesperson or broker in the State, including through for-profit, online providers. A quick Google search revealed costs ranged from as low as \$179 for an introductory course through Aceable Agent to more than \$750 for a real estate career launcher program through Kaplan. The number of completions through alternative routes is unknown.
- Community colleges can provide affordable, low-cost (or free of charge) courses to students interested in these careers. The North Far North Center of Excellence recommends developing a new program in real estate sales.

New Program Recommendation			
Move forward with the new program	Proceed with caution	A new program is not recommended	

APPENDIX A. METHODOLOGY AND SOURCES

This report identified Occupations using the Center of Excellence TOP-to-CIP-to-SOC crosswalk and O*Net OnLine. This report's findings were determined using labor market data from the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS), U.S. Census Bureau data from Emsi, and jobs posting data from Burning Glass.

- "The Chancellor's Office Curriculum Inventory System (COCI)." California Community Colleges Curriculum Inventory (COCI), 2023. https://coci2.ccctechcenter.org/.
- Glasmeier, Amy K. "Living Wage Calculator." Living Wage Calculator, 2023. https://livingwage.mit.edu/.
- Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS). National Center for Education Statistics. U.S. Department of Education. https://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/.
- Labor Market Information Division. California Employment Development Department. https://labormarketinfo.edd.ca.gov/.
- Lightcast (Formerly EMSI/Burning Glass) 2023.3; QCEW Employees, Non-QCEW Employees, and Self-Employed. https://www.economicmodeling.com/. (Note: EMSI occupational employment data are based on final EMSI industry data and final EMSI staffing patterns. Wage estimates are based on Occupational Employment Statistics (QCEW and Non-QCEW Employees classes of worker) and the American Community Survey (Self-Employed and Extended Proprietors)).
- Management Information Systems (MIS) Data Mart. California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office. https://datamart.ccco.edu/.
- O*NET OnLine. U.S. Department of Labor/Employment and Training Administration (DOL ETA). https://www.onetonline.org/.
- Self-Sufficiency Standard Tool for California. The University of Washington. <u>http://www.selfsufficiencystandard.org/</u>
- "Taxonomy of Programs." California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office. June 2012, 6th
 Edition. <a href="https://www.ccco.edu/-/media/CCCO-Website/About-Us/Divisions/Educational-Services-and-Support/Academic-Affairs/What-we-do/Curriculum-and-Instruction-Unit/Files/TOPmanual6200909corrected12513pdf.ashx
- "TOP-CIP-SOC Crosswalk." Centers of Excellence for Labor Market Research. June 2021 Edition. http://coeccc.net/

APPENDIX B. GLOSSARY

Key Terms	Definition
Occupation	Occupation refers to a category of jobs, careers, or professions that are similar regarding the work performed and the skills the workers possess. Workers who perform essentially the same tasks are in the same occupation, whether in the same industry. Some occupations are concentrated in a few industries, while others are found in many industries. Occupations differ from jobs in that jobs show the number of positions held in each
	occupation.
Jobs	A job is a specific instance of employment and includes any position where a worker provides labor for monetary compensation.
	Job numbers include employees (those who work for businesses) and proprietors (those who work for themselves). Full- and part-time jobs are included and counted equally (i.e., not adjusted to full-time equivalents). Data for jobs, or employment, are annual averages.
Employment	Employment refers to filled jobs, whether full- or part-time, temporary or permanent. The scope of "who" is counted as employed is noted in Appendix A. Methodology and Sources.
Job Change	Job change is the net increase or decrease of jobs over a given timeframe.
Job Opening	Job openings are the projected number of positions available for workers entering an occupation.
	Openings include growth and replacement job counts. Growth job counts are the positive change in the total number of workers employed. Replacement job counts are the estimates of new workers needed to replace workers permanently leaving the occupation.
Percentile Wage (or wages)	A percentile wage is the value of a wage at which a certain percentage of workers falls below. For example, a 25 th percentile hourly wage of \$15.00 indicates that 25% of workers earn less than \$15.00, while 75% earn more. Percentile wages are specific to the geography shown in the report.
	The 25th-percentile and 75th-percentile hourly wages are used as a proxy for entry-level and experienced-level wages.
Living Wage	The living wage is the level of income a single, working adult with no children must earn to meet basic needs. The living wage is calculated using basic allowances for food, housing, transportation, healthcare, taxes, and other miscellaneous basic needs and assumes full-time employment (40 hours per week, 52 weeks a year).

Key Terms	Definition
	Beginning in 2023-24, NFN COE adopted the MIT calculations for a living wage better aligned to the economic conditions following the pandemic. For additional information, please visit https://livingwage.mit.edu/ .
Educational Attainment	Educational attainment is the highest level of education achieved by workers in an occupation. The data include workers aged 25 years and older.
Typical Entry-level Education	The education level most workers need to gain employment in an occupation. Categories range from "no formal educational credential" and "high school diploma or equivalent" to "doctoral or professional degree." The types most relevant to community training are "some college, no degree," "postsecondary nondegree award," and "associate degree."
	The typical entry-level education may differ from the actual educational levels attained by workers employed in an occupation.
Typical Work Experience	The relevant prior experience a worker needs to gain employment in an occupation. Categories include "5 years or more", "less than five years," and "none."
Typical On-The-Job (OTJ) Training	The level of on-the-job training a worker needs to obtain for competency in the skills required for an occupation. Categories include "none," "short-term (1 month or less)," "moderate-term (more than one month but less than 12 months)," "long-term (more than 12 months)," "apprenticeship," and "internship/residency."
Awards	Awards are the number of certificates and degrees conferred for a specific course of study each year. Awards count "papers" and, as a result, may be greater than the number of students who complete a program.

APPENDIX C. REAL ESTATE LICENSES BY COUNTY

Table C summarizes the count of active real estate sales and broker licenses across the Greater Sacramento region. This data comes from the California Department of Real Estate licensee zip list, which is updated daily.

As of October 24, 2023, there were more than 21,400 active salespersons and 6,200 active broker licenses in the Greater Sacramento region.

Table C. Greater Sacramento Real Estate License Count

County	No. of Salesperson Licenses	No. of Broker Licenses
El Dorado	2,099	696
Nevada	977	370
Placer	5,594	1,768
Sacramento	10,995	2,904
Sutter	533	141
Yolo	956	335
Yuba	305	42
Grand Total	21,459	6,256

Source: California Department of Real Estate, "Licensee List ZIP," accessed 10/24/2023, https://www.dre.ca.gov/Licensees/ExamineeLicenseeListDataFiles.html

<u>Funding Acknowledgement:</u> This report was made available with Strong Workforce Program funding from the North Far North Regional Consortium.

<u>COVID-19 Statement:</u> This report includes employment projection data produced by Lightcast (formerly EMSI). Employment projections are developed using models based on historical data, which in this set of projections covers the period through 2021. Most input data, therefore, precedes the pandemic. Employment projections are long-term projections intended to capture structural changes in the economy, not cyclical fluctuations. As such, projections data are not intended to capture the impacts of the recession that began in February 2020. Cyclical fluctuations, like recessions, impact projections when they become part of the historical data set.

Important Disclaimer: All representations included in this report have been produced from primary research and/or secondary review of publicly and/or privately available data and/or research reports. Efforts have been made to qualify and validate the accuracy of the data and the reported findings; however, neither the Centers of Excellence, COE host District, nor California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office are responsible for applications or decisions made by recipient community colleges, or their representatives based upon components or recommendations contained in this study.

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