

Correctional Officers

Inland Empire/Desert Region (Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario Metropolitan Statistical Area)

Summary

- Employment for correctional officers and jailers is expected to increase by 7% through 2022 in the Inland Empire/Desert Region. More than **2,300 job openings** will be available over the five-year timeframe.
- The entry-level wage for this occupation is above the MIT Living Wage estimate of \$12.30 per hour for a single adult living in the Inland Empire/Desert Region.
- There appears to be an opportunity for program growth based on the average annual number of program completions for the selected community college programs (57 average annual community college awards), and the annual openings for correctional officers and jailers in the local region (465 annual job openings).

Introduction

This report details occupations relevant to the corrections program. Completion of the program provides students with the theories, principles, and techniques to provide services to the incarcerated. For this report, the correctional officer occupational group are divided into two distinct categories, correctional officers and correctional officer management. Although these occupational groups require similar knowledge and skills, jobs in the correctional officer management group require previous work experience of five years or less (Exhibit 1). The occupation used to analyze supply/demand is the occupation listed below:

Correctional Officers and Jailers

The occupations in the correctional officer management occupational group are listed below and will be analyzed separately, due to the previous work experience they require:

- First-Line Supervisors of Correctional Officers
- First-Line Supervisors of Police and Detectives



Exhibit 1: Work experience required for corrections officer occupations

Occupation	Work Experience Required
Correctional Officers and Jailers	None
First-Line Supervisors of Correctional Officers	Less than five years
First-Line Supervisors of Police and Detectives	Less than five years

Source: EMSI 2018.1

Job Opportunities

In 2017, there were nearly 4,800 corrections officer and jailers jobs in the Inland Empire/Desert Region. This occupation is projecting to increase employment 7% by 2022. Employers in the region will need to hire more than 2,300 workers over the next five years to fill new jobs and backfill jobs that workers are permanently vacating (includes retirements). Correctional officer management occupations are projected to increase employment 12% and add more than 400 during the projection period. Appendix A, Table 1 shows the projected job growth for each of the occupations in this group.

Exhibit 2: Five-year projections for the correctional officer occupational group in the Inland Empire/Desert Region

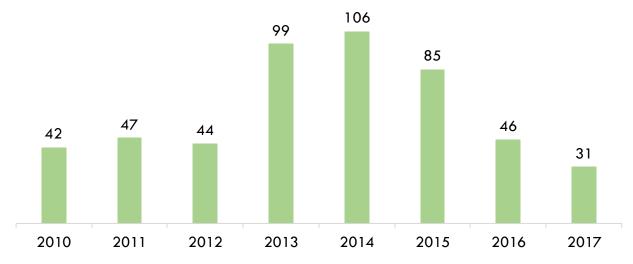
Occupational Group	2017 Jobs	5-Yr % Change (New Jobs)	5-Yr Openings (New + Replacement Jobs)	Annual Openings (New + Replacement Jobs)	% of workers age 45+
Correctional Officers and Jailors	4,764	7%	2,327	465	39%
Correctional Officer Management	969	12%	436	87	56%

Source: EMSI 2018.1

Over the last 12 months (April 2017 to March 2018), there were 29 advertisements (ads) for correctional officer and jailer jobs in the Inland Empire/Desert Region. From 2010 to 2017, there was an annual average of 63 job ads per year (Exhibit 3).



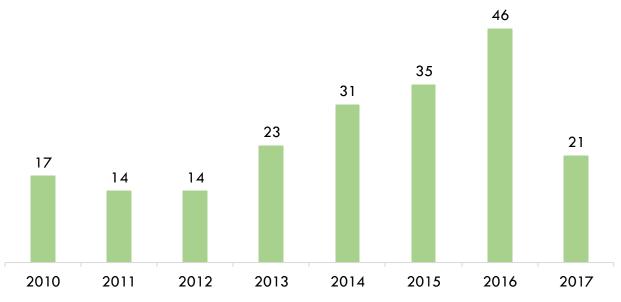
Exhibit 3: Number of online job postings for correctional officers and jailers in the Inland Empire/Desert Region, 2010 to 2017



Source: Burning Glass - Labor Insights

For the correctional officer management occupational group, there were 22 job ads in the Inland Empire/Desert Region over the last 12 months and an average of 25 ads per year from 2010 to 2017 (Exhibit 4).

Exhibit 4: Number of online job postings for correctional officer management occupational group in the Inland Empire/Desert Region, 2010 to 2017



Source: Burning Glass - Labor Insights



Exhibit 5 shows the number of job ads posted during the last 12 months and the average time to fill each occupation in the local region and nationally. On average, correctional officers and jailers take about five days less to fill in the Inland Empire/Desert Region than the nation as a whole. On average, first-line supervisors of police and detectives take just over a week longer to fill in the Inland Empire/Desert Region that the nation as a whole.

Exhibit 5: Job ads by each of the correctional officer occupations in the Inland Empire/Desert Region during the last 12 months, Apr 2017 – Mar 2018

Occupation	Job Ads		National Average Time to Fill (Days)
Correctional Officers and Jailors	29	21	26
First-Line Supervisors of Police and Detectives	22	33	25
First-Line Supervisors of Correctional Officers	0	-	26

Source: Burning Glass - Labor Insights

Earnings

The entry-level wage for each of the occupations in the correctional officer occupational group is above the MIT Living Wage estimate of \$12.30 per hour for a single adult living in the Inland Empire/Desert Region. These wages are also sufficient for an adult living in a household with one other working adult and one child (\$14.50 per hour, per adult or \$30,160 annually for each adult). Exhibit 6 displays wage information for this occupational group in the Inland Empire/Desert Region.

Exhibit 6: Earnings for the correctional officer occupational group in the Inland Empire/Desert Region

Occupation	Entry to Experienced Hourly Earnings Range*	Median Wage*	Average Annual Earnings
Correctional Officers and Jailors	\$27.56 to \$40.62	\$38. <i>57</i>	\$71,000
First-Line Supervisors of Police and Detectives	\$51.04 to \$77.10	\$66.06	\$141,500
First-Line Supervisors of Correctional Officers	\$42.28 to \$47.78	\$45.04	\$92,700

Source: EMSI 2018.1

^{*}Entry Hourly is 25th percentile wage, the median is 50th percentile wage, experienced is 75th percentile wage.



Work Locations, Employers, Skills, and Education

Exhibit 7 displays the top employers posting job ads as well as the top work locations from job ads during the last 12 months. First-line supervisors of correctional officers were removed from the following tables due to lack of job postings.

Exhibit 7: The top employers and work locations for the correctional officer occupational group in the Inland Empire/Desert Region during the last 12 months, Apr 2017 – Mar 2018

Occupation	Top Employers	Top Work Locations
Correctional Officers and Jailers (n=12)	 GEO Corrections & Detentions US Department of Justice San Bernardino County Sheriff Coroner Department 	San BernardinoRiversideOntario
First-Line Supervisors of Police and Detectives (n=21)	 City of Indio City of Redlands City of Upland San Bernardino Community College District 	San BernardinoIndioRedlandsUpland

Source: Burning Glass - Labor Insights

Exhibit 8 lists a sample of in-demand specialized and soft skills that employers are seeking when looking for workers to fill corrections officer positions. N/A indicates that there is not enough information available from employer job postings to list the skills that are in-demand or the type of skill is not relevant to the occupation.

Exhibit 8: Sample of in-demand skills from employer job ads for the correctional officer occupational group in the Inland Empire/Desert Region, Apr 2017 – Mar 2018

Occupation	tion Specialized skills Soft skills		Software and Programming skills		
Correctional Officers and Jailors (n=21)	Medication DistributionClerical DutiesPreparing Reports	EnglishBuilding Effective Relationships	Microsoft Office		
First-Line Supervisors of Police and Detectives (n=21)	 Scheduling Staff Management Law Enforcement or Criminal Justice Experience 	PlanningWritingBuilding Effective Relationships	Microsoft Office		

Source: Burning Glass - Labor Insights



Exhibit 9 displays the entry-level education level education typically required to enter each occupation according to the Bureau of Labor Statistics, educational attainment for incumbent workers with "some college, no degree" and an "associate degree" according to the U.S. Census, and the minimum advertised education requirement requested by employers in online job ads.

Exhibit 9: Educational attainment and online job ads with minimum advertised education requirements for the correctional officer occupational group in the Inland Empire/Desert Region, Apr 2017 – Mar 2018

Typical	Educational Attainment (Percentage of incumbent	Minimum Advertised Education Requirement from Job Ads				
Occupation	Entry-Level Education Requirement	workers with a Community College Award or Some Postsecondary Coursework)	Number of Job Postings (n=)	High school diploma or vocational training	Associate degree	Bachelor's degree or higher
Correctional Officers and Jailors	High school diploma or equivalent	58%	7	86%	-	14%
First-Line Supervisors of Police and Detectives	High school diploma or equivalent	47%	18	50%	6%	44%

Source: EMSI 2018.1, Current Population Survey, Burning Glass - Labor Insights

Industry

Staffing patterns show the industries that employ the most workers of a specific occupation. Exhibit 10 displays the industries that hire and are looking for the most correctional officer occupations in the two-county region. N/A indicates that no information could be obtained due to too few job postings.



Exhibit 10: Top industries employing occupations in the correctional officer occupational group in the Inland Empire/Desert Region, Apr 2017 – Mar 2018

Occupation	Top Industries from Staffing Pattern (NAICS) - % of occupation employed in industry	Indus Number of Job Postings (n=)	stry Classification from Job Ads Top Industries from Job Ads (NAICS)
Correctional Officers and Jailors	 Local Government, Excluding Education and Hospitals (9039) 61% State Government, Excluding Education and Hospitals (9029) 32% 	25	 Justice, Public Order, and Safety Activities (9221)
First-Line Supervisors of Police and Detectives	 Local Government, Excluding Education and Hospitals (9039) 92% 	12	 Executive, Legislative, and Other General Government Support (9211)
First-Line Supervisors of Correctional Officers	 Local Government, Excluding Education and Hospitals (9039) 57% State Government, Excluding Education and Hospitals (9029) 33% 	0	• N/A

Source: EMSI 2018.1, Burning Glass - Labor Insights

Student Completions

Exhibit 11 shows the annual average regional community college awards (associate degrees and certificates) conferred during the three academic years between 2014 and 2017, with the relevant TOP code as well as the program title used at each college, sourced from the Chancellor's Office Curriculum Inventory (COCI). Please note, an award is not equivalent to a single person in search of a job opening since a student may earn more than one award, such as an associate degree in addition to a certificate. Community College student outcome information was obtained from the CTE LaunchBoard based on the selected TOP code(s) and region.



Exhibit 11: Annual average community college student completions for corrections programs in the Inland Empire/Desert Region

2105.10 Corrections	Annual Community College Headcount (2016-17)	Community College Annual Average Awards (2014-17)
Barstow	52	
Chaffey – Correctional Science	241	
Associate Degree		9
Certificate 18 to < 30 semester units		9
Moreno Valley	62	
Certificate 6 to < 18 semester units		38
Mt. San Jacinto	12	
San Bernardino - Corrections	90	
Certificate 18 to < 30 semester units		1
Total Community College Headcount (2016-17)	465	
Total Annual Average Community College Awards		57

Source: LaunchBoard, IPEDS, COCI

2105.10 Corrections program Strong Workforce outcomes in the Inland Empire/Desert Region in the academic year 2015-16:

- Number of course enrollments: 555 (California median: 706)*
- Number of students who transferred to a 4-year institution: 34 (CA: 59)
- Employed in the second fiscal quarter after exit: 82% (CA: 85%)
- Median earnings in the second fiscal quarter after exit: \$6,661 (CA:\$6,677)
- Employed in the fourth fiscal quarter after exit: 78% (CA: 82%)
- Median annual earnings: \$26,122 (CA: \$26,010)
- The percentage in a job closely related to the field of study: 79% (CA: 75%) [2014-15]
- Median change in earnings: 111% (CA: 68%)
- The proportion of students who attained a living wage: 49% (CA: 64%)

^{*}academic year 2016-17



Sources

O*Net Online

Labor Insight/Jobs (Burning Glass)

Economic Modeling Specialists International (EMSI)

CTE LaunchBoard

MIT Living Wage Calculator

California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office Management Information Systems (MIS)

Chancellor's Office Curriculum Inventory (COCI, version 2.0)

The Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS)

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Appendix A: Occupation definitions, sample job titles, five-year projections, and earnings for correctional officer occupations

Occupation Definitions (SOC code), Education and Training Requirement, Community College Education Attainment

First-Line Supervisors of Correctional Officers (33-1011)

Directly supervise and coordinate activities of correctional officers and jailers.

Sample job titles: Captain, Correctional Lieutenant, Correctional Officer Captain, Correctional Officer Lieutenant, Correctional Officer Sergeant, Correctional Sergeant, Corrections Sergeant, Lieutenant, Sergeant, Shift Supervisor

Entry-Level Educational Requirement: High school diploma or equivalent

Training Requirement: One to twelve months on-the-job training

Percentage of incumbent workers with a Community College Award or Some Postsecondary Coursework:

48%

First-Line Supervisors of Police and Detectives (33-1012)

Directly supervise and coordinate activities of members of police force.

Sample job titles: Chief of Police, Detective Sergeant, Lieutenant, Patrol Sergeant, Police Captain, Police Chief, Police Lieutenant, Police Sergeant, Sergeant, Shift Supervisor

Entry-Level Educational Requirement: High school diploma or equivalent

Training Requirement: One to twelve months on-the-job training

Percentage of incumbent workers with a Community College Award or Some Postsecondary Coursework: 47%



Correctional Officers and Jailers (33-3012)

Guard inmates in penal or rehabilitative institutions in accordance with established regulations and procedures. May guard prisoners in transit between jail, courtroom, prison, or other point. Includes deputy sheriffs and police who spend the majority of their time guarding prisoners in correctional institutions.

Sample job titles: Correctional Officer, Correctional Sergeant, Corrections Officer (CO), Custody Assistant, Deputy Jailer, Detention Deputy, Detention Officer, Jail Officer, Jailor

Entry-Level Educational Requirement: High school diploma or equivalent

Training Requirement: One to twelve months on-the-job training

Percentage of incumbent workers with a Community College Award or Some Postsecondary Coursework: 51%



Table 1. 2017 to 2022 job growth, wages, and typical education and training required for the correctional officer occupational group, Inland Empire/Desert Region

Occupation (SOC)	201 <i>7</i> Jobs	5-Yr Change	5-Yr % Change	Annual Openings (New + Replacement Jobs)	Entry- Experienced Wage*	Median Wage*	Average Annual Earnings	Entry-Level Education & On-The-Job Training	Work Experience Required
Correctional Officers and Jailers (33-3012)	4,764	357	7%	465	\$27.56 to \$40.62	\$38.57	\$71,500	High school diploma or equivalent & 1-12 months	None
First-Line Supervisors of Correctional Officers (33-1011)	678	45	7%	54	\$42.28 to \$47.78	\$45.04	\$92,700	High school diploma or equivalent	Less than 5 years
First-Line Supervisors of Police and Detectives (33-1012)	290	69	24%	33	\$51.04 to \$77.10	\$66.06	\$141,500	High school diploma or equivalent & 1-12 months	Less than 5 years

Source: EMSI 2018.1

^{*}Entry Hourly is 25th percentile wage, the median is 50th percentile wage, experienced is 75th percentile wage.